according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



#### **OKS 571**

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#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : OKS 571

Chemical nature : Active substance with propellant

Solvent PTFE

Silicone resin

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : OKS Spezialschmierstoffe GmbH

Ganghoferstr. 47

D-82216 Maisach-Gernlinden Tel.: +49 8142 3051 500 Fax.: +49 8142 3051 599 info@oks-germany.com

E-mail address of person : mcm@oks-germany.com

responsible for the SDS Material Compliance Management

National contact

Emergency telephone number : +86 532 8388 9090 (NRCC, only for hazardous chemicals)

+86 21 69225521

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Lubricant spray

Restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance: aerosolColour: whiteOdour: solvent-like

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Classification** 

Aerosols : Category 1

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Category 3 (Narcotic effects)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

#### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing mist.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50  $^{\circ}$ C/ 122  $^{\circ}$ F.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/containers according the local government requirements.

## Physical and chemical hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

#### **Health hazards**

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Environmental hazards**

Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	>= 50 -< 70
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	>= 10 -< 20
butanone	78-93-3	>= 1 -< 10
Acetone	67-64-1	>= 1 -< 10



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	>= 1 -< 10
xylene	1330-20-7	>= 1 -< 2.5
n-hexane	110-54-3	>= 0.25 -< 1

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get

medical attention.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respira-

tion.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and

persists.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Wash off immediately with plenty of water.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 10 minutes. Seek medical advice.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Central nervous system depression

Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion.

Health injuries may be delayed.

Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:

Unconsciousness

Dizziness Drowsiness Headache Nausea Tiredness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Erythema

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Fire Hazard

Do not let product enter drains.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Halogenated compounds

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, ver-



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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miculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Prevention of secondary

hazards

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after

handling the product.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not ingest.

Do not use sparking tools.

These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which

may still contain product residues.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn,

even after use.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage : BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun

exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or

red-hot objects.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
butanone	78-93-3	PC-TWA	300 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-STEL	600 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH (2013-03-01)
		STEL	300 ppm	ACGIH (2013-03-01)
Acetone	67-64-1	PC-TWA	300 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-STEL	450 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA	250 ppm	ACGIH (2021-01-01)
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH (2021-01-01)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	PC-TWA	200 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-STEL	300 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA	400 ppm	ACGIH (2013-03-01)
xylene	1330-20-7	PC-TWA	50 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		PC-STEL	100 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
		TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH (2021-01-01)
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH (2021-01-01)
n-hexane	110-54-3	PC-TWA	100 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
	Further inforr	nation: Skin	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		PC-STEL	180 mg/m3	CN OEL (2019-08-27)
	Further inforr	nation: Skin		
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH (2007-01-01)

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control	Biological	Sam-	Permissible	Basis
		parameters	specimen	pling	concentra-	
				time	tion	
butanone	78-93-3	methyl ethyl	Urine	End of	2 mg/l	ACGIH
		ketone		shift (As	_	BEI



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Acatona	67.64.4	Acatomo	Heiro	soon as possible after exposure ceases)	50 m m/l	(2014-03- 01) CN BEI
Acetone	67-64-1	Acetone	Urine	End of shift	50 mg/l	(2019-08- 27)
		Acetone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	25 mg/l	ACGIH BEI (2017-03- 01)
xylene	1330-20-7	methylhip- puric acids	Urine	End of shift	0.3 g/g creatinine	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		methylhip- puric acids	Urine	End of shift	0.4 g/l	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		Methylhip- puric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g cre- atinine	ACGIH BEI (2013-03- 01)
n-hexane	110-54-3	2,5- hexanedi- one	Urine	After shift	4 mg/l	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		2,5- hexanedi- one	Urine	After shift	35 micromol per litre	CN BEI (2019-08- 27)
		2,5- Hexanedi- one	Urine	End of shift	0.5 mg/l	AĆGIH BEI (2020-02- 01)

**Engineering measures** 

Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust

ventilation.

Handle only in a place equipped with local exhaust (or other

appropriate exhaust).

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Filter type : Recommended Filter type:

Organic gas and low boiling vapour type

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : > 10 min
Protective index : Class 1

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The break through time depends

amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each

case.

Protective measures : The type of protective equipment must be selected according

to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : aerosol

Colour : white

Odour : solvent-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/range : No data available

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Boiling point/boiling range : < -20 °C

(1,013 hPa)

Flash point : -20 °C

Method: Abel-Pensky

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Self-ignition : not auto-flammable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

26.2 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

1.4 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 4,400 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 0.738 (20 °C)

Reference substance: Water The value is calculated

Density : 0.74 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : < 20.5 mm2/s ( 40 °C)

Explosive properties : Not explosive

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Oxidizing properties : No data available

Sublimation point : No data available

Metal corrosion rate : Not corrosive to metals

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

Risk of receptacle bursting.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Acute toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Remarks: Effects due to ingestion may include:

Symptoms: Central nervous system depression

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 40 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Remarks: Respiration of solvent vapour may cause dizziness.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Symptoms: Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:, Respiratory disorder, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Fa-

tigue, Vertigo, Central nervous system depression

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Symptoms: Redness, Local irritation

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 309 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 25.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

butanone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,193 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

GLP: yes

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 34 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acetone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 5,800 mg/kg

Ethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,620 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20,000 mg/kg

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,300 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single contact with skin.

n-hexane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 259.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 3,350 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Irritating to skin.

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Assessment : No skin irritation Result : No skin irritation

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Irritating to skin.

GLP : yes

butanone:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : No skin irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ethyl acetate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.
Result : Irritating to skin.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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n-hexane:

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Irritating to skin.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : Irritating to eyes.

#### **Components:**

Dimethyl ether:

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

GLP : yes

butanone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritating to eyes. Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Acetone:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Ethyl acetate:

Result : Irritating to eyes. Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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xylene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritating to eyes.
Assessment : Irritating to eyes.

n-hexane:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation
Assessment : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks : This information is not available.

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

butanone:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Ethyl acetate:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Exposure routes : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

xylene:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

n-hexane:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Remarks: No data available

Genotoxicity in vivo : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

butanone:



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

mutagenic effects.

xylene:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 Years : 47 mg/l

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

butanone:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

xylene:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** 

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No data available

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

butanone:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction

- Teratogenicity -

No effects on or via lactation

xylene:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction

- Teratogenicity -

No toxicity to reproduction

n-hexane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

: - Fertility -

sessment

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

STOT - single exposure

**Components:** 

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Exposure routes : Inhalatio

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

butanone:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acetone:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

a brand of
FREUDENBERG

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Ethyl acetate:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

xylene:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Respiratory system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract

irritation.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

## **Components:**

butanone:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Ethyl acetate:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

xylene:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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Exposure routes : Ingestion
Target Organs : Liver, Kidney

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

n-hexane:

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

## Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:** 

Remarks : This information is not available.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### **Components:**

#### Dimethyl ether:

No aspiration toxicity classification

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### butanone:

No aspiration toxicity classification

## xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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n-hexane:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : Ingestion causes irritation of upper respiratory system and

gastrointestinal disturbance.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 4,100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4,400 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (green algae): 154.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

butanone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,993 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,972

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 1,150 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h
Test Type: static test
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Ethyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 212.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 154 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,500

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

xylene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 56 d

Test Type: flow-through test

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.90 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

GLP: yes

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (activated sludge): > 157 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

n-hexane:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 12.51 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21.85 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 9.285

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

#### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability Remarks: No data available

ity

Physico-chemical removabil- : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Dimethyl ether:

Biodegradability aerobic

> Inoculum: activated sludge Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 90.35 % Exposure time: 28 d

butanone:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 98 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

GLP: yes

Acetone:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly biodegradable

Ethyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly biodegradable

xylene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

n-hexane:

Biodegradability : aerobic

Inoculum: activated sludge Result: rapidly biodegradable Biodegradation: 21 %

Exposure time: 28 d

GLP: yes

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Product:** 

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to

be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.07 (25 °C)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 3.4 - 5.2

butanone:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water,

accumulation in organisms is not expected.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.3 (40 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

GLP: yes

Acetone:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.2

Ethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.68 (25 °C)

xylene:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 25.9

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.77 - 3.15

n-hexane:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 501.19

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4 (20 °C)

pH: 7

Mobility in soil

**Product:** 

Mobility : Remarks: No data available

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Components:** 

Dimethyl ether:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Non-classified vPvB substance Non-classified PBT substance

butanone:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Non-classified PBT substance Non-classified vPvB substance

xylene:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Non-classified PBT substance Non-classified vPvB substance

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as

the unused product.

Offer empty spray cans to an established disposal company. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.



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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

203

Labels : Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 203

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1
EmS Code : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : no

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

#### GB 6944/12268

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1

## Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.



according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# National regulatory information Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

#### **Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management under : Not applicable

SAWS

China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import : Not applicable

and Export

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Product name	Status	Reference number
OKS 571	Listed	2828

List of ingredients	CAS-No.	Status	Reference number
Dimethyl ether	115-10-6	Listed	479
butanone	78-93-3	Listed	236
Acetone	67-64-1	Listed	137
xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	358
n-hexane	110-54-3	Listed	2789
2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	Listed	1033

Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)

No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity

W3 Aerosols 150 t

## The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

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#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
CN BEI : China. Biological Occupational Exposure Indices

CN OEL : Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the

workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

CN OEL / PC-TWA : Permissible concentration - time weighted average CN OEL / PC-STEL : Permissible concentration - short term exposure limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration. Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Disclaimer**

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according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519 CN



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